## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM

2013 MAY 30 AM 8: 5!

CALENDAR YEAR 2012

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			Public Water Supply Nan	ne	
			0420041		
			PWS ID # ('s):		
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	Customers were	e informed of availability of	CCR by: (Attach copy o	of publication, water	r bill, or other)
		Advertisement in local pa On water bills (attach cop E-mail message (MUST) Other	aper (attach copy of adver by of bill) Email the message to the	rtisement) address below)	
	Date customers	were informed: //			
	CCR was distrib	outed by U.S. Postal Service	or other direct delivery.	Must specify other a	direct delivery methods used
		ailed/distributed:			moor derivery methods ased
<b>U</b> man		hed in local newspaper. (At of Newspaper: 6 1 2 1 2 1 2			blication)
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<u>CERT</u>	IFICATION:				
include officials	n and manner iden d in this CCR is tru s by the Mississipp	uried above and that I used use and correct and is consist or State Department of Health	distribution methods allo tent with the water quality	wed by the SDWA.  monitoring data or	omers of this public water system in I further certify that the information ovided to the public water system
	the I De	wer, Owner, etc.)		.5	- 29-13
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This Co	onsumer Confide ove Public Water	ence Report (CCR) was c System and is certified c	ompleted by MS Cross only to be as true & cor	s Connection, LLC rect as the information	with information provided by ation provided.
Su	San Boy	<u>ata</u>	_		5-6-13 Date
ngriaiui	re				Date
Delive	r or send via U	. S. Postal Service:		May be faxed t	to:

Bureau of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

(601) 576-7800

May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Blue Lake Water Association

PWS ID #0420041

May, 2013

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water is purchased from the City of Itta Bena.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the City of Itta Bena received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ollie Seals at 662-254-7943. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend a special meeting being held on June 10, 2013 at 305 Thurman St at 5:00 p.m.

Blue Lake Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2012. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RE	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N		.0095	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N		6.10	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	0.1	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N		0.223	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	1	None	ppb	0	AL≔15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, crosion of natural deposit
Disinfectan	ts & Di	sinfection	By-Pro	ducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/12	0.50	0.50 to 0.67	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	N	2011*	9.72	None	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 [Haloacetic acids]	N	2011*	6	None	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample results available

\*\*\*\*\*APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\*
In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rules. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance and Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

## Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Blue Lake Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have questions.

## P. OOF OF PUBLICATION

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RECEIVED - WAT	2013 HAY 30	

LEFLORE COUNTY A Notary Public, Before me, of said County, personally appeared IWILIUV

Clerk of the Greenwood Commonwealth, a newspaper published in Leffore
the Open Cath stated that the notice attached hereto was published in said newspaper for \_ times, beginning 20, 13 , in the following issues, to wit: Dated \_\_\_\_\_No. Dated 20 . No. 20 \_ 20 20\_ 20\_ Printer's Fee \$ Sworn to and subscribed before me, this day of

Notary Public

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, CITY OF GREENWOOD,

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Blue Lake Water Association PWS ID #0420041 May, 2013 We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water is purchased from the City of Itta Bena. source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the City of Itta Bena received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination. We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Offic Seals at 662-254-7943. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend a special meeting being held on June 10, 2013 at 305 Thurman St at 5:00 p.m. Blue Lake Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31<sup>8</sup>, 2012.

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Eroston of interel deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Corrosion of household plumbing 16. Fluorido 0.223 No Runge ppm ppb 17. Lead N 1/1/09 to y stems, crosion of natural deposit 12/31/11 Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products 1/1/12 to 12/31/12 2011\* 0.50 0.50 to 0.67 ppm Water additive used to control microbes By-product of drinking water chlorination 9.72 ppb By-product of dylnking water chlorination 2011 None ppb acids] \*\*\*\*\* APRIL 1: 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\* In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (IPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by of rannoigness companies samples and resums until under house. Amongs that not the first the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rules. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance and Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518. Additional Information for Lead If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young in present, revared nevers or read can cause serious neatin prooreins, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Blue Lake Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by maxing your tap for 50 seconds to 2 minutes netter using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested. All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIWAIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have